INVESTIGAÇÃO CLÍNICA E ESTUDOS DE DESEMPENHO DE DISPOSITIVOS

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SESSÕES DE FORMAÇÃO

VICI3



Introduction to Monitoring and Audits within the scope of Clinical Research and Performance Studies

Clinical Research and Device Performance Studies – From Theory to Practice | March to April 2024

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Audit of Clinical Studies with Medical Devices

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BIOTRONIK

Audit of Clinical Studies with Medical Devices

Agenda

- 1. Definition
- 2. Objectives and Aims
- 3. Guidelines
- 4. Responsibilities of sponsor, auditor and auditee





Do you have experience with audits?

Yes – I know audits quite well
Somewhat – I have heard about audits but I don't know exactly
No – I don't really know much about audits









1. Definition of audits

ISO 14155, 3.3 audit

systematic examination of activities and documents related to a *clinical investigation* (3.8) performed by (an) *independent* (3.26) person(s), to determine whether these activities were conducted, and the data recorded, analysed and accurately reported, according to the CIP, standard operating procedures, this document and applicable regulatory requirements

ISO 14155, 7.11 Auditing

(...) These audits may cover all involved parties, systems, processes, and facilities, and are independent of, and separate from quality control functions or routine monitoring.

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Nice to know: Audit ≠ Inspection

2. Objectives and Aims

ISO 14155, 7.11 Auditing

Audits of the clinical investigation may be conducted to evaluate compliance with the CIP, written procedures, this document and the applicable regulatory requirements (see <u>Annex J</u>).









2. Objectives and Aims

ISO 14155, Annex J (Clinical investigation audits)

The (site) audit should include an evaluation of:

- EC and regulatory approvals ٠
- Delegation of tasks, appropriate gualifications and experience of site staff
- Training records
- Agreements
- Suitability of facilities and equipment ٠
- **Financial disclosure** .
- Document storage and retention .
- Use of the approved CIP ٠
- CIP deviations ٠
- Informed consent ٠
- Source documents (e.g. organization, condition, completeness, and legibility) ٠
- CRFs

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- Monitoring
- Investigational device handling

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Safety reporting

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Also important for the sponsor:

- Any critical or systematic problems .
- Internal improvement potential •
- Feedback and suggestions •

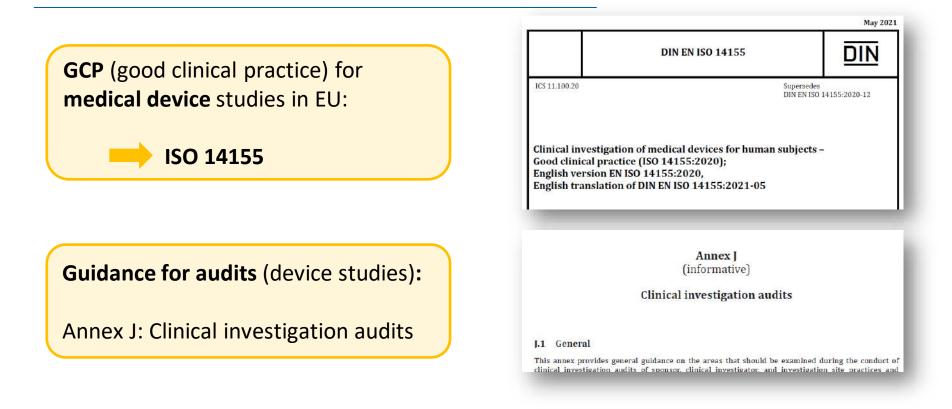


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3. Guidelines: clinical audits for medical device studies



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4. Responsibilities of the sponsor and auditor

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Sponsor

• Maintain audit program

Auditor

- Be qualified
- Planning
- Announcement
- Conduct

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• Reporting

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• Follow-up of audit findings

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4. Responsibilities of the auditee

Auditee

- Allow and support audits
- Prepare (review files)
- Participate in interviews
- Follow-up of audit findings
 - \circ $\,$ Corrective actions
 - Preventive actions (avoid recurrence)

ISO 14155, 10) Responsibilities of the principal investigator: **"allow and support the sponsor to perform monitoring and auditing activities"**











Main take aways



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- Audits are a mandatory quality assurance measure
- Audits may cover all aspects of clinical studies
- 3 Audits help to identify problems and improve study conduct
- 4 ISO 14155 provides guidance for audit planning and conduct







